# Validation of candidate causative variants on milk composition and cheese-making properties in Montbéliarde cows

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# Background

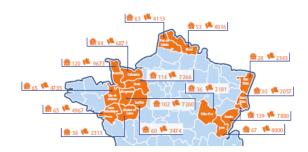
Milk cheese-making properties (CMP) strongly related to milk composition

Milk CMP & composition can be predicted by mid-infrared (MIR) spectrometry

PhenoFinlait & FROM'MIR projects to predict these traits at a large-scale to identify candidate causative mutations









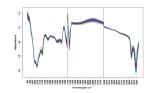








# The PhénoFinlait project



Milk protein & fatty acid composition

# GWAS with ≈ 9,000 cows on imputed WGS



Identification of the best candidate causative variants in 24 candidate genes (Sanchez et al., 2017; Boichard et al., 2016)

Design on the **custom part** (v6 & v7) of the **EuroG1oK** Beadchip (see Boichard et al. Friday 1:30)

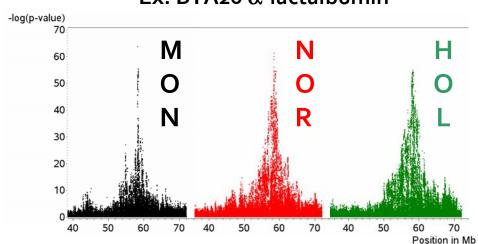
#### Montbéliarde Normande Holstein







Ex: BTA20 α-lactalbumin



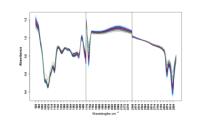














	Traits	# Traits	Equations	R <sup>2</sup>
Milk CMP	Cheese Yields	3	FROM'MIR	0.54 - 0.89
Equations of prediction from 420 milk samples	Coagulation	9	FROM'MIR	0.43 – 0.76
with CMP reference analyses & MIR spectra	Acidification	3	FROM'MIR	0.39 – 0.62



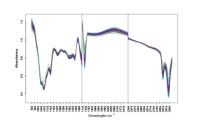


# FROM'MIR - Phenotypes











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Milk CMP	Cheese Yields	3	FROM'MIR	0.54 - 0.89
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	Acidification	3	FROM'MIR	0.39 – 0.62
Milk composition Equations of prediction from previous projects	Proteins	6	PhenoFinlait	0.59 – 0.92
	Fatty acids	4	PhenoFinlait	0.76 – 1
	Minerals	5	Optimir	0.68 – 0.92

Application of equations on

≈ 6 millions of MIR spectra from 330,000 Montbéliarde cows (Eastern France)





# FROM'MIR – genotypes, imputations & GWAS

Year of birth of ≈ 180,000 Montbéliarde cows genotyped for genomic selection (50k and EuroG10k Chips)

 2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017
		≈ 2	≈ 20,000 FROM'MIR cows with MIR spectra 50k & EuroG10K Chip (v1 to v5) Without the candidate variants						LD Eu (\ <u>With tl</u>	gest co roG1oK ( /6 & v7) ne candid	Chip
							<u>V</u>	<u>ariants</u>			

**GWAS** with GCTA

Effects of the 45,120 SNP with MAF ≥ 1%

+ Random polygenic effects of animals

(GRM 50k SNP)

W Backward » imputations with FImpute
 to impute 50k + variants of the custom part
 from the most recent and the most complete
 versions of the EuroG10k Chip (v6 & v7)
 for FROM'MIR cows







« Backward » imputation accuracies (variants with MAF ≥ 1%)

Mean squared correlation between imputed / true genotypes in a validation set ≈ 92%

#### **GWAS significant results** (–log(P-value) > 6)

1069 variants with significant effects on at least 1 of the 30 traits

Most of them located in regions previously identified for milk composition in the PhénoFinlait project

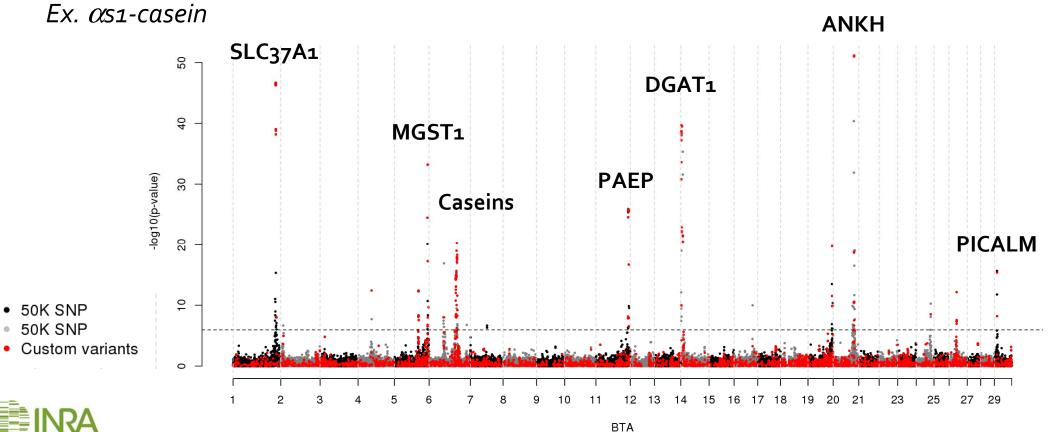
	QTL	Candidate genes	« Custom » variants in candidate genes
« Custom » variants <b>identified</b> in <b>PhénoFinlait</b> cows	13	24	245
« Custom » variants validated in FROM'MIR cows	13	18	167

Including **115** variants in TOP10





FROM'MIR Montbéliarde cows: validation of QTL for milk protein composition









FROM'MIR Montbéliarde cows: validation of QTL for milk fatty acid composition

Ex. saturated fatty acids **SCD** DGAT<sub>1</sub> AGPAT6 25 20 MGST<sub>1</sub> **FASN** -log10(p-value) 15 **PAEP** 10 2 50K SNP 50K SNP **Custom variants** 

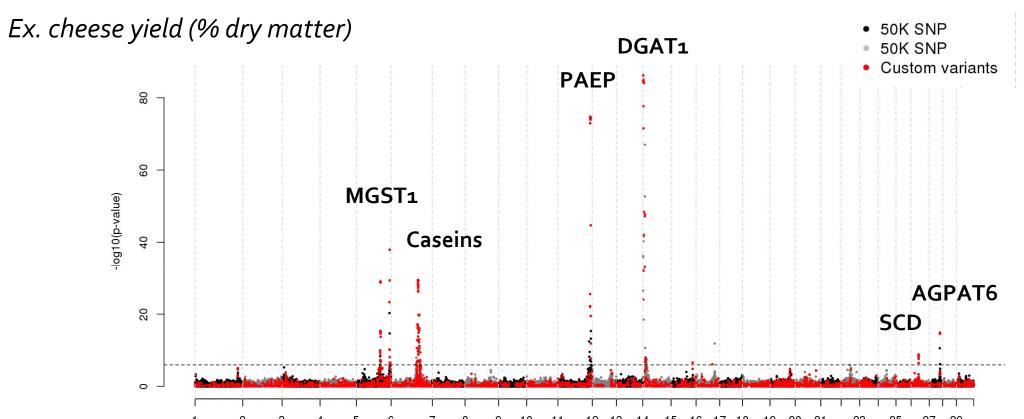
BTA







FROM'MIR Montbéliarde cows: validation of QTL for milk CMP traits

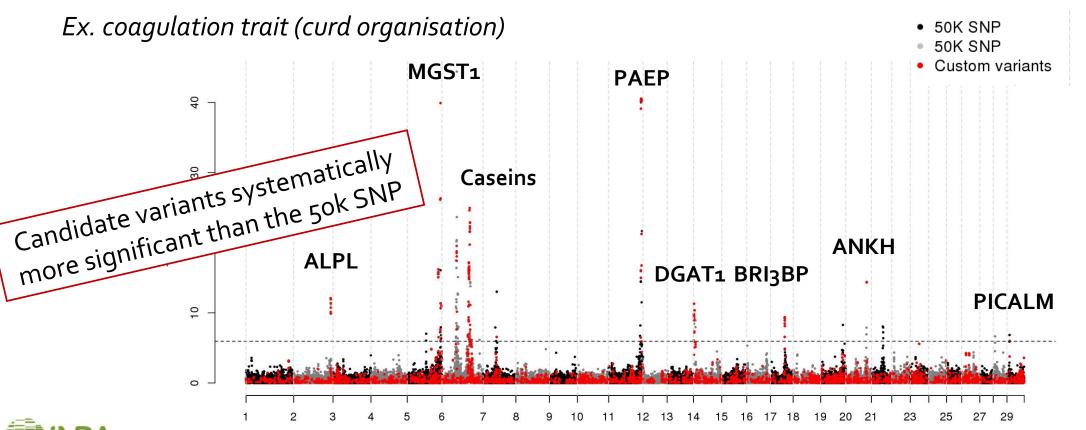


BTA





FROM'MIR Montbéliarde cows: validation of QTL for milk CMP traits

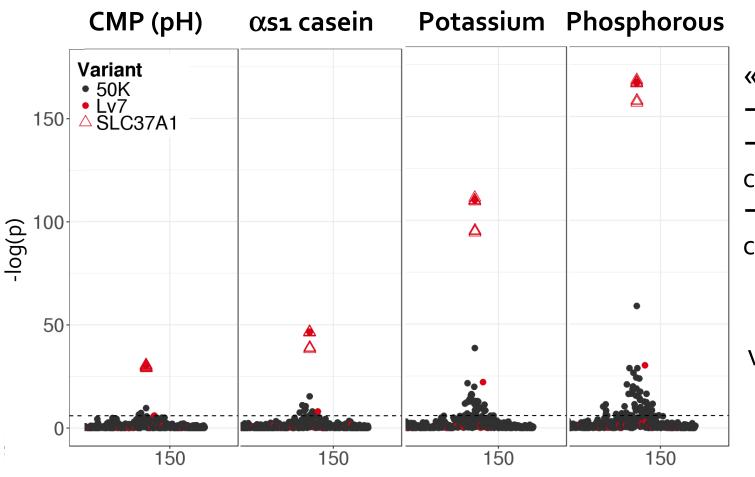


**BTA** 





Ex. QTL on BTA1 at ≈ 144,4 Mb / **SLC37A1** (glucose-6-phosphate transporter)

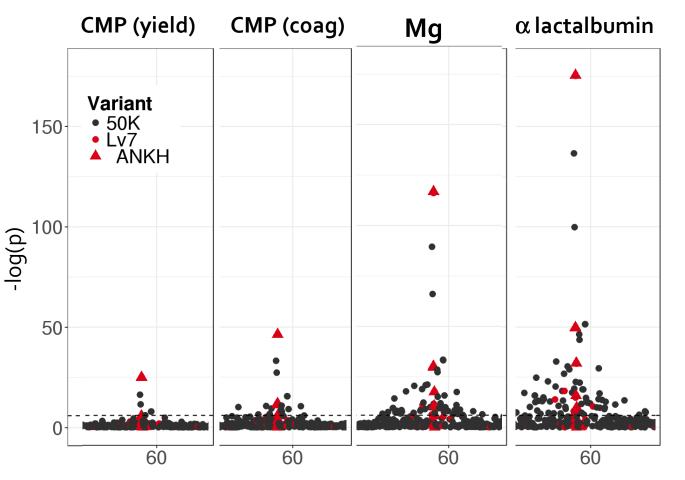


- « Finer » phenotypes
- → Higher peaks
- →Better targetting of candidate mutations
- →Functional link between complex trait and gene

The **best candidate**variant in intronic region
of SLC<sub>37</sub>A<sub>1</sub> at
144,398,764 bp



Ex. QTL on BTA20 at ≈ 58,4 Mb / **ANKH** (inorganic pyrophosphate transport regulator)



#### **Functional links**

α lactalbumin = milk protein exhibiting a high affinity to Ca & ANKH encodes a transport regulator that helps to prevent the deposition of Ca in bones

The **best candidate** variant in intronic region of ANKH at 58,427,343 bp



#### The best candidate causative variant retained for each candidate gene

Functional annotations	Genes
5 Missense	ALPL - SLC26A4 - CSN3 - RECQL4 - SCD
5' UTR region	AGPAT6
3' UTR region	GPT
5 in upstream region	CSN1S1 - CSN1S2 - <b>PAEP*</b> - <b>DGAT1*</b> - PICALM
6 in introns	SLC <sub>37</sub> A <sub>1</sub> – MGST <sub>1</sub> – CSN <sub>2</sub> – BRI <sub>3</sub> BP – FASN – ANKH

- \*DGAT1 & PAEP genes => missense variants found as causal variants were not the most significant
- •DGAT1: K232A missense mutation also significant but with MAF < 1%
- •PAEP: missense mutations (103,303,475 & 103,304,757 bp) in strong LD with the TOP1 but not the most significant





#### **Discussion - Conclusion**

Validation of candidate genes / variants detected for milk composition in 13 regions in an independent population of Montbéliarde cows for both CMP and composition

Analysing both traits of interest (complex) & fine-scale phenotypes can help to target the causative variants and to establish the functional link between these traits and candidate genes

We confirm effects of 18 candidate genes and propose the best candidate causative variant in each gene



Identification of other candidate variants in FROM'MIR cows

- •GWAS on imputed WGS (RUN6 of the 1000 bull genome project)
  - Search for interacting genes co-associated with CMP and milk composition



# Thank you for your attention

